

Summary of the Spike Protein and Graphene Oxide Detoxification Protocol

<http://bit.ly/SpikeProtein>

This is the updated Nutrition protocol to protect those who've been injected with spike protein, graphene oxide and mRNA and the same protocol is useful to protect those concerned with the spike protein and graphene oxide shedding coming off those who've been injected. We now have evidence of the latest injections containing: mRNA, spike protein, graphene oxide, SM-102, and numerous other potentially toxic substances (also: some—but not all—injections, appear to be higher in graphene oxide and some appear to be saline placebos).

If you know someone who has been injected and requires help, please provide them with this Nutrition Protocol:

Most Important Elements of the Protocol (Shortlist Summary)

Spike Protein: Shikimate neutralizes the S.pike Protein

Shikimate Main Sources to Detox S.pike Protein

- Pine Needle Tea for shikimic acid or shikimate (from green edible pine needles) There are toxic pine needles, be careful! When drinking pine needle tea, drink the oil/resin that accumulates too!

And/Or

- Fennel and/or Star Anise Tea

And/Or

- Schizandra Berry Tea

- Iodine* (dosage depends on brand, more is not better). Iodine is a product you have to start with small dosages and build up over time.

- Vitamin D3* (10,000 IU's per day)

Graph.ene Oxide Detox:

- C60 (1-3 droppersfull per day): One of the issues we are seeing with those who have been injected is disturbances in their energetic field (magnetism) and hot spots of inflammation. C60 is a rich-source of electrons and acts like a fire extinguisher to inflammation and simultaneously (because it bio-distributes throughout the body) drives a normalization of electron flow throughout the body. In this category, we offer two products, the traditional C60 product* is made by yours truly and the C60 SuperConcentrate* is made by a carbon scientist friend of mine and contains a higher concentration of electrons. C60 is recommended to neutralize s.pike protein, detoxify graphene oxide and SM-102.

- Kohlbiter Activated Charcoal: Take between 400-2000mg (1-5 capsules) a day with water.

- NAC: N-Acetyl Cystiene is the best precursor to glutathione in the body which has the best research for neutralizing graphene oxide. Take 900-1800 mg a day. Get it while you can. The US Federal communist government is trying to make NAC illegal unless you have a doctor's prescription.

- Enzymes (especially those containing serrapeptase and nattokinase such as VeganZyme—dosage for VeganZymes is 3 caps, twice daily):

Serrapeptase: Serrapeptase provides the anti-inflammatory breakdown of excess and unusual protein. Dosage: 100-200 mg on an empty stomach per day.

Nattokinase: Nattokinase has a long history of being used to prevent blood clots. 2000-4000 Fibrinolytic Units per day (2-4 capsules) with or without food.

Special Note: Iver.mectin is showing great promise against hydrogels containing graphene oxide and found on PCR test swabs, but it is a pharmaceutical, so I do not include it.

Here is the Complete Protocol

- Coated Silver (1-6 drops per day, depending on degree of exposure) (Coated silver blocks the sulfur-bearing protein on the spikes from entering the cell. Sulfur-rich amino acids on the spike protein interact with silver causing them to fold incorrectly).
- NAC (N-acetyl cysteine) (accelerates detoxification and is considered a producer of the super detoxifier glutathione in the body) Dosage: 1200-2400 mg per day on an empty stomach. NAC is recommended to detoxify graphene oxide and SM-102. NAC is tough to find after the FDA recently made it illegal to purchase over the counter in the USA. Request NAC from your doctor!
- Zinc (30-80mg per day depending on immunological pressure)
- Vitamin D3* (10,000 IU's per day)
- Lyposomal Vitamin C (30ml, twice daily)*
- Quercetin (500-1000 mg, twice daily)*
- Iodine* (dosage depends on brand, more is not better). Iodine is a product you have to start with small dosages and build up over time.
- PQQ* (20-40 mg per day)

Shikimate Main Sources:

- Pine Needle Tea for shikimic acid or shikimate (from green edible pine needles) There are toxic pine needles, be careful! When drinking pine needle tea, drink the oil/resin that accumulates too! Shikimate, shikimic acid and their derivatives possess: cancer fighting, antiviral, antimicrobial, anticoagulant and antithrombotic properties.
- Fennel and/or Star Anise Tea: These are also an excellent source of shikimate or shikimic acid (which is known to neutralize the spike protein)
- Schizandra Tea: Ranked in the top three of all superherbs on Earth. Schizandra berries are rich in shikimate amongst numerous extraordinary other properties.

• C60 (1-3 droppersfull per day): One of the issues we are seeing with those who have been injected is disturbances in their energetic field (magnetism) and hot spots of inflammation. C60 is a rich-source of electrons and acts like a fire extinguisher to inflammation and simultaneously (because it bio-distributes throughout the body) drives a normalization of electron flow throughout the body. In this category, we offer two products, the traditional C60 product* is made by yours truly and the C60 SuperConcentrate* is made by a carbon scientist friend of mine and contains a higher concentration of electrons. C60 is recommended to neutralize s.pike protein, detoxify graphene oxide and SM-102.

• Charcoal (2-4 capsules a day): Charcoal is the pre-eminent detoxifier and when taken on an empty stomach, works its way down into the intestines and activates a blood purification process known as “interstitial dialysis”. Our Kohlbitr* product is the premier activated coconut charcoal in the world and we also now offer the more gentle birch charcoal.*

Hesperidin sources to help disable s.pike protein:

- Citrus fruit (especially blood oranges, due to their high hesperidin content — hesperidin is a chalcone like quercetin that deactivates spike protein)
- Peppermint (very high in hesperidin)

Superherbs to help disable s.pike protein:

- Triphala formulations: In Sanskrit, the word Triphala means "three fruits": a combination of Indian gooseberry (*Emblica officinalis*), black myrobalan (*Terminalia chebula*) and belleric myrobalan (*Terminalia bellerica*). The terminalia fruits are rich in shikimate.
- St. John's Wort (shikimate is found throughout the entire plant and in the flowers)
- Comfrey Leaf (rich in shikimate)
- Feverfew (leaves and flowers are rich in shikimate)
- Ginkgo Biloba Leaf (rich in shikimate)
- GiantHyssop or Horsemint (*Agastache urtifolia*) (rich in shikimate)
- LiquidAmbar (Sweet Gum tree) A tea of the spiky seed pods is rich in shikimate.
- Glycyrrhiza glabra (Chinese medicine's licorice root): Glycyrrhizic acid is extracted from the root of the licorice plant inhibits spike protein. <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33041173/>

Foods

- Carrots and Carrot Juice (rich in Shikimate)
- Dandelion Leaf (Common dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*) efficiently blocks the interaction between ACE2 cell surface receptor and spike protein D614, mutants D614G, N501Y, K417N and E484K in vitro)

Plant Sprouts

- Wheatgrass and Wheatgrass Juice (the young blades are high in shikimate)
- Legume family beans that are generally considered to be rich in shikimate. I have found testing of 5 sprouts and all were rich in shikimate: red kidney bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris*), moth bean (*Vigna aconitifolia*), soy bean (*Glycine max*), mung bean (*Vigna radiata*) and alfalfa (*Medicago*)

saliva). All these were analysed for their shikimic acid content during germination: so the sprouting process is key to activate shikimate production.

Enzymes

- Nattokinase (enzyme) and Natto is a traditional Japanese food made from soybeans fermented with *Bacillus subtilis* var. natto. Natto (also rich in vascular protective Vitamin K2) and Nattokinase have a history of being used to prevent blood clots. The idea is here is that the enzyme Nattokinase goes to work dissolving clots. 2000-4000 Fibrinolytic Units per day (2-4 capsules) with or without food.